

SECTION

6-4 Running Water

(pages 140-145)

KEY CONCEPTS

▲ Running water is the major cause of erosion.

Building Vocabulary Skills: Fill In the Blanks

Write the term from this section that best completes each statement.

1. The soil particles and rock materials carried by a stream are called the stream's _____ .
2. The network of rills, gullies, streams, and rivers in an area is called a (an) _____ .
3. A larger stream that flows into a main river is called a (an) _____ .
4. The area drained by a main river and its channels is called a (an) _____ .
5. A river in an early stage of development is called a (an) _____ .
6. A river that has been developing for many thousands of years is called a (an) _____ .
7. Loops formed by the curving and winding of a river are called _____ .
8. A (an) _____ is formed when a loop formed by the curving and winding of a river is cut off from the rest of the river.
9. A (an) _____ forms when a river leaves the mountains and runs out onto a plain, dropping much of its sediments.
10. Large amounts of sediments deposited at the mouth of a large river form a (an) _____ .
11. Flat areas called _____ form on both sides of a mature river or stream.
12. A ridgelike deposit formed from larger particles deposited on the sides of a river is called a (an) _____ .

■ **Recalling Information: Reviewing the Main Ideas**

Complete each item by filling in the correct information.

1. Three forms of running water are _____ .

2. When rain falls on the Earth's surface it can _____ ,

_____ , or

_____ .

3. Runoff is _____

_____ .

The amount of runoff is affected by _____ ,

_____ , and

_____ .